

Management of Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness

POLICY STATEMENT

Abbotsford Community Centre aims to ensure the safety and wellbeing of Educators, children and visitors, within the service and on excursions, through proper care and attention in the event of an incident, injury, illness or trauma. The service will make every attempt to ensure sound management of the event to prevent any worsening of the situation and complete reports on each event that will be signed by the family of the child involved. Family members or emergency contacts will be informed immediately where the incident, injury, illness or trauma is deemed serious and be reported to the NSW Regulatory Authority as per the National Law and Regulations.

PROCEDURE

Parental Responsibilities

- Families are required to provide written consent for educators to seek medical attention and ambulance transportation for their child, if required, as part of the enrolment process. This will be recorded on the enrolment form and where relevant in a Medical Management Plan, and/or Action Plan.
- Families will be required to supply details of their preferred doctor, dentist, health fund and Medicare details.
- Families will be required to supply two contact numbers in case of an emergency or accident. Families are required to keep their children at home if it is known that their child is unwell.
- Families are required to pick their children up from the services if they become unwell while at ACC.

Incident, injury or trauma to a child whilst in the service

- If a child, educator or visitor has an accident while at ACC, an educator who
 holds a first aid certificate will attend to them immediately.
- Anyone injured will be kept under adult supervision until they recover, and an authorised person takes charge of them.
- In the case of a major incident, injury, illness or trauma at the service requiring more than basic first aid, these steps will be followed:

- The first aid staff member will assess the injury and decide whether the injured person needs to be attended to by a doctor or whether an ambulance should be called. The Responsible person and nominated supervisor must be notified immediately, and the Approved provider (management committee) will be advised within 24 hours.
- If the injury is serious, the first priority is to get immediate medical attention. Families or emergency contacts should be notified as soon as is practical. Any difficulty reaching emergency contacts should not delay the organisation of medical treatment.
- The staff member will attend to the injured person and apply first aid as required and as training allows.
- Educators will ensure that disposable gloves are used for any contact with blood or bodily fluids as per the infectious disease policy.
- Educators will stay with the child until suitable help arrives, or further treatment taken.
- Educators will comfort and reassure the child, and assure them that their families have been called.
- If an ambulance is required and the child is taken to hospital, an educator will accompany the child and take the child's enrolment form and incident form/notes with them. Any relevant Medical Plans or action plans should also be taken.
- Complete a centre incident, injury, trauma and illness record and a serious incident report for the regulatory authority as soon as possible.
- The completed incident, Injury, Illness, and Trauma forms are to be filed into the child's file. Any reports made to the regulatory authority will be copied and filed in a separate folder to be kept in the office.

The Responsible person will:

- Notify family or emergency contact person immediately regarding what happened and the action that is being taken including clear directions of where the child is being taken (e.g. hospital). Every effort must be made not to cause panic; only minimal details regarding the extent of the injuries should be given until they speak to medical professionals.
- o Ensure that all blood or bodily fluids are cleaned up in a safe manner.
- Ensure that anyone who has come in contact with any blood or bodily fluids washes their hands and any other contaminated part of their body in warm soapy water.



- Try to reassure the other children and keep them calm, keeping them informed about what is happening, and away from the child.
- Accidents which result in serious incident, injury, illness and trauma (including death) to a child must be reported to the following (depending on the incident):
 - The NSW ambulance service
 - The police
 - Family or emergency contact
 - Regulatory Authority
 - o The Management Committee

How to decide if an injury, trauma or illness is a 'serious incident'?

An incident, injury, trauma or illness will be regarded by the service as a
 'serious incident' if more than basic first aid was needed. If the advice of a
 medical practitioner was sought or the child attended hospital in connection
 with the incident, injury, trauma or illness, then the incident is considered
 'serious' and the regulatory authority must be notified using form SI01 within
 24 hours after the incident.

Serious injury to a child or educator whilst attending the Centre

- Educators should inform the parents that the injury is serious and refer them
 to the medical facility (i.e. hospital) where the child has been taken for further
 information.'
- This information should be provided in a calm and sensitive manner.
- In the instance where a head injury has occurred, pain relieving medication
 will not be administered. Parents will be made aware that pain relieving
 medication may mask other symptoms. Medical attention will be sought as
 necessary. Natural methods to reduce bumps and headaches will be used, for
 example, ice packs, and lying the child down.
- In the event of a serious incident, all other children should be removed away from the scene and if necessary, parents contacted for early collection of children. The children should be reassured and notified only that a serious incident has occurred.
- The Nominated Supervisor must also contact the NSW Regulatory Authority
 as soon as possible and within 24 hours to report the incident. The school and
 Network of Community Activities can be contacted to seek additional support,
 resources or advice.

 Educators in the service must be prepared to handle all incidents in a professional and sensitive manner. In the event of tragic circumstances such as the death of a child or educator, the educators will follow guidelines as set out below to minimise trauma to the remaining educators and children in the service.

Death of a child or educator whilst attending the Centre

- The centre will notify the family or emergency contact person that a serious incident has happened and advise them to contact the relevant medical agency. Only a qualified medical practitioner can declare that a person is deceased, therefore educators should ensure the parents are only advised that the injury is serious and refer them to the medical agency (i.e. hospital) where the child has been taken.
- This information should be provided in a calm and sensitive manner.
- The site of the incident should be preserved. Staff should take care not to clean, tidy, remove blood or fluids or otherwise interfere with the site, and prevent others doing so, until police have advised that this can be done.
- All other children should be removed away from the scene and if necessary, parents contacted for early collection of children. The children should be reassured and notified only that a serious incident has occurred.
- Director/Nominated Supervisor will make contact with the school to liaise with them regarding the school's response to the event.
- The Nominated Supervisor must also contact the NSW Regulatory Authority as soon as possible and within 24 hours to report the incident. The school and Network of Community Activities should be contacted to seek additional support, resources or advice.

Reporting of Serious Incident, Injury and Trauma

- All serious incidents, injury, illness or trauma will be recorded within 24 hours
 of the event occurring. The child's family or emergency contact must be
 notified of any accident or injury that has occurred to the child as soon as
 possible.
- The Nominated Supervisor is responsible for ensuring that, in the event of a serious incident, the regulatory authority is advised in writing using designated forms. The Approved Provider (President of the Management Committee) will also be notified within 24 hours along with the School Principal.
- It may not be until sometime after the incident that it becomes apparent that an incident was serious. If that occurs, the Nominated Supervisor must notify the regulatory authority within 24 hours of becoming aware that the incident was serious.



 All incident, injury, trauma and illness records are filed and kept by the service until the child turns 25. If it is related to a death of a child, the record must be kept for 7 years.

Illness

- Families are advised upon enrolment and in regular reminders not to bring sick children to the service and to arrange prompt collection of children who are unwell.
- If a child becomes ill at the service, all care and consideration will be given to comfort the child and minimise the risk of cross infection until the child is collected by the family/emergency contact.
- A child or adult will be considered sick if he/she:
 - Sleeps at unusual times, or is lethargic
 - Has a fever over 38° C
 - Is crying constantly from discomfort
 - Vomits or has diarrhoea
 - o Is in need of constant one-to-one care
 - Has symptoms of an infectious disease
 - Has had a reaction to an allergen.
- If a child becomes ill at the service, the parents will be contacted to take the child home. Where the family is unavailable, emergency contacts will be called to ensure the child is removed from the service promptly.
- The child who is ill will be comforted, cared for and placed in a quiet isolated area with adult supervision until the child's family or other authorised adult takes them home.
- For a child with fever (temperature of 38°C or higher), methods will be employed to bring the child's temperature down until the family arrives or help is sought. Such methods include removing excess clothing as required, giving clear fluids, and making the child comfortable until they go home.
- If a child's temperature is 38°C or higher, educators will contact parents via phone to collect their child from the service.
- A child cannot be administered Panadol/paracetamol or any other type of medication without a medical plan in place with a Medical Administration form completed to assist with managing the specific medical condition. Doctor's letters are required in this case. The Panadol/paracetamol or fever-relieving medicine must be supplied by the family in the original packaging with child's name and dosage recorded on the label. This medication can be kept along with the plan at ACC (Regulation 92). Parents will still be called to collect the child, and if their condition does not change, an ambulance may be called.

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- If temperature hits 39°C and cannot be brought down without the
 use of a fever relieving medication and their family cannot be contacted, the
 situation will be deemed serious and an ambulance will be called for the child.
- If an Educator becomes ill or develops symptoms at the Centre they can return home if able or the Responsible person will organise their emergency contact to collect them or for someone to take them home.
- The Responsible person will organise a suitable staff replacement as soon as possible.

Infectious diseases

- It is the responsibility of the parent/guardian to inform ACC if their child is confirmed to have an infectious illness.
- Upon notification, ACC is required to inform families of the confirmed case and include a fact sheet from NSW Health for families. This fact sheet describes symptoms, treatment and exclusion periods. This will be communicated to families by email and Facebook, and also displayed in centre.
- Exclusion periods will apply to children diagnosed with any infectious diseases and ACC will enforce this as necessary. If ACC receives a notification of a confirmed case of vaccine-preventable disease and is aware of any child who is not immunised for that disease under the national immunisation program, we will inform the family and advise that they exclude their child from care, the period of time will be determined by the fact sheets or medical advice.
- Any advice given to ACC by the school or NSW Health will be passed on to all families. ACC procedures will be in line with those of the school and NSW Health, with the same exclusion policies to be carried out when necessary.
- ACC is required to keep a log of all notifications, and if necessary, call the
 public health unit to report outbreaks. ACC will follow advise given by the
 health unit at the given time.

ENDORSEMENT BY THE SERVICE

Approval Date:	
Date for Review:	